What was the technique of Mughal Painting.
A. Oil Painting
B. Miniature
C. Wood Cut
D. Fresco
ANSWER: B
The Sculpture of dancing girl is from which.
A. Buddhist Art
B. Ajenta
C. Romen
D. Indus Valley
ANSWER: D
What was the subject matter of Ajenta paintings.
What was the subject matter of Ajenta paintings. A. War
A. War
A. War B. MahatamaBuddh
A. War B. MahatamaBuddh C. Fairy Land
A. War B. MahatamaBuddh C. Fairy Land D. Architecture
A. War B. MahatamaBuddh C. Fairy Land D. Architecture
A. War B. MahatamaBuddh C. Fairy Land D. Architecture ANSWER: B
A. War B. MahatamaBuddh C. Fairy Land D. Architecture ANSWER: B Gandhara was influenced by which art.
A. War B. MahatamaBuddh C. Fairy Land D. Architecture ANSWER: B Gandhara was influenced by which art. A. Persian Art
A. War B. MahatamaBuddh C. Fairy Land D. Architecture ANSWER: B Gandhara was influenced by which art. A. Persian Art B. Romen+Greek Art
A. War B. MahatamaBuddh C. Fairy Land D. Architecture ANSWER: B Gandhara was influenced by which art. A. Persian Art B. Romen+Greek Art C. Rajput

Animals were painted in which Mughal's period.

A. Akber's period
B. Jahangeer's period
C. Shahjahan's period
D. Baber's period
ANSWER: B
The sculpture of poist head is from which period.
A. Indus Valley
B. Ajenta
C. Mughal
D. Gandhara
ANSWER: A
Paharhi school is a part of which art.
A. Mughal art
B. Rajput art
C. Roman art
D. Greek art
ANSWER: B
What was the technique of Ajent paintings.
A. Fresco
B. Oil Painting
C. Poster Painting
D. Water Painting
ANSWER: A
Seals had how many kinds.
A. Two

B. Three
C. One
D. Four
ANSWER: A
Vasli was used in which technique of painting.
A. Fresco
B. Miniature
C. Oil Painting
D. Mosaic
ANSWER: B
Where are Ajenta caves situated.
A. Lahore
B. Agra
C. Orangabad
D. Kashmir
ANSWER: C
The sculpture of Priest head was made by which material.
A. Stone
B. Clay
C. Bronze
D. Cotton
ANSWER: A
What was the aim of Ajenta painting.
A. Preaching of Buddhism

B. To teach painting

C. Training of war
D. Sculpture making
ANSWER: A
The great bath was found where.
A. Ajenta
B. Mohanjodaro
C. Konarak
D. Karachi
ANSWER: B
What was the most important work of Indus Valley.
A. Painting
B. Sculpture
C. Town planning
D. Wood work
ANSWER: C
What was the aim of Rajput Painting.
A. Preach the religion
B. To paint walls
C. To paint king
D. To teach painting
ANSWER: A
Which base was used to make Gujrati painting.
A. On leaves
B. On Wood
C. On walls

D. On clothes
ANSWER: A
What is Ragni goori.
A. A city
B. Topic of Rajput painting
C. Mughal painting
D. Gujrati painting
ANSWER: B
What was represented in Rajput painting.
A. Religious love stories
B. Sculptures
C. Social life
D. Court painting
ANSWER: A
After Mahatma Budh this religion was divided in how many parts.
A. Four
B. Two
C. Five
D. Six
ANSWER: B
What is Stucco.
A. Technique of Painting
B. Dress
C. Technique of sculpture
D. A cave

ANSWER: C

B. Trees

C. Animals

D. Court painting

A. The religious work

The subject matter of Mughal Painting is.

ANSWER: D
Who is Kinshika.
A. A city
B. A stone
C. Painting
D. Budh Maharaja
ANSWER: D
What is Barahmasa.
A. Raja painting of season
B. A temple
C. A king
D. Religiom
ANSWER: A
Mughal painters do not paint.
A. Religious painting
B. Animals
C. Flowers
D. Trees
ANSWER: A

Elephanta caves were near.
A. Bombay
B. Delhi
C. Lahore
D. Karachi
ANSWER: A
In statue of Permeshwar God was.
A. Two
B. Three
C. Five
D. Seven
ANSWER: B
Elephanta caves were about.
A. Paintings
B. Sculpture
C. Fresco
D. Tempra
ANSWER: B
Topic of Bagh paintings was about.
A. Religion
B. Music
C. Festivals
D. Budhaa
ANSWER: C
Capital of Gandhara art was.
A. Taxila
B. Peshawar
C. Islamabad
D. Lahore