Step by step procedure to slove a problem is.

A. Programming

B. Algorithum

C. Data Base

D. Flexibility

ANSWER: B

The Flow Chart represent Algorithum in.

A. Analogue Form

B. Digital Form

C. Graphical Form

D. Hybrid Form

ANSWER: C

The Machine Language is in the form of.

A. Assembly Form

B. Data Form

C. Analogue Form

D. Binary Form

ANSWER: D

Compiler is a.

A. Hardware

B. Software

C. Graph

D. Flowchart

ANSWER: B

The extension of Object code is.

A. Abj

B. Obg

C. Obbj

D. Obj

ANSWER: D

Which one is not a high level language.

A. C & C++

B. Java

C. Assembly Language

D. Web Browser

ANSWER: C

In Early, C language was developed for working under.

A. Windows Operating System

B. Unix Operating System

C. DOS Operating System

D. LinuxOperating System

ANSWER: B

Another name of Pre-processor directive is.

A. Compiler directive

B. Processor directive

C. Translator directive

D. Language directive

ANSWER: A

the extension of header files is.

A. .hd

B. .hr

C. .hf

D. .h

ANSWER: D

In general, the basic structure of C program consists of.

A. 5-parts

B. 4-parts

C. 3-parts

D. 2-parts

ANSWER: C

In C program , the invalid statemets creats.

A. Syntax error

B. Logical error

C. Runtime error

D. Recovry error

ANSWER: A

In C , if there is no syntax error but the result is incorrect, it is due to.

A. Syntax error

B. Logical error

C. Runtime error

D. Recovry error

ANSWER: B

the short cut key for compiling the C program is.

A. Ctrl + F9

B. Shift + F9

C. F9

D. Alt + F9

ANSWER: D

In C , the identifier name cannot be a.

A. Reserve word

B. Library word

C. Data word

D. File Word

ANSWER: A

Keywords are also known as.

A. Digital words

B. Library words

C. Reserve words

D. Analogue words

ANSWER: C

The Size of interger data type are.

A. 5-Bytes

B. 4-Bytes

C. 3-Bytes

D. 2-Bytes

ANSWER: D

During program execution, the values of variable.

A. Can b changed

B. Cannot b changed

C. Cannot b deleted

D. Can b fix

ANSWER: A

The process of assigning a value to variable at the time of declaration is known as.

A. Variable datatype

B. Variable declaration

C. Variable initilization

D. Variable overflow

ANSWER: C

The Uniary operators works with.

A. One operand

B. Two operands

C. Three operands

D. Four operands

ANSWER: A

Implicit type casting is performed by.

A. Programmer

B. Variable

C. Constant

D. Compiler

ANSWER: D

The standrad output function "printf" is found in.

A. Conio.h

B. Stdio.h

C. Math.h

D. Main.h

ANSWER: B

The escape sequence "\b" is used for.

A. Back line

B. Back file

C. Back space

D. Back function

ANSWER: C

By using getch( ) function, we can get input.

A. One character

B. Two characters

C. Three characters

D. Infinite characters

ANSWER: A

Printf(" %4.2f ", 3.14159) gives the value.

A. 3.1416

B. 3.142

C. 3.141

D. 3.14

ANSWER: D

Format specifier is started with symbol.

A. & operator

B. \t

C. %

D. Printf

ANSWER: C

In C program, "= = " is a type of.

A. Relational operator

B. Logical operator

C. Equal operator

D. Not equal operator

ANSWER: A

In C, AND operator is a.

A. Relational operator

B. Logical operator

C. Assignment operator

D. Compound operator

ANSWER: B

In If statement, false is represented by.

A. 3

B. 2

C. 1

D. 0

ANSWER: D

Another term for conditional operator is.

A. Ternary

B. Binary

C. Uniary

D. Iteration

ANSWER: A

Switch statements are alternatives of.

A. If statement

B. If else statement

C. Nested if

D. If-else-if

ANSWER: D