Who is known as the father of C Language.

A. James A. Sosling

- B. Vjarne Stroustrup
- C. Dennis Ritchie
- D. Dr. E. F. Codd
- ANSWER: C

Many features of C were derived from which language.

A. PASCAL

B. B

C. BASIC

D. FORTRAN

ANSWER: B

What is C language.

- A. C language is a structure/procedure oriented
- B. C language is a middle level programming language
- C. C language was invented for implementing UNIX operating system

D. All of the above

ANSWER: D

C programming language is.

- A. Procedural language
- B. Object Oriented language
- C. Scripting languages
- D. None of these

ANSWER: A

Which one is not a reserve keyword in C Language.

A. Auto

- B. Main
- C. Case
- D. Register
- ANSWER: B

Which of the following is true for variable names in C.

- A. Variable names cannot start with a digit
- B. Variable can be of any length
- C. They can contain alphanumeric characters as well as special characters
- D. Reserved Word can be used as variable name

ANSWER: A

Which of the following is not a valid variable name declaration.

- A. Int _a3;
- B. Int a_3;
- C. Int 3_a;
- D. Int _3a
- ANSWER: C

Which of the following cannot be a variable name in C.

- A. Volatile
- B. True
- C. Friend
- D. Export
- ANSWER: A

Which data type is most suitable for storing a number 65000 in a 32-bit system.

A. Signed short

B. Unsigned short

C. Long

D. Int

ANSWER: B

What is the default return type if it is not specified in function definition.

A. Void

B. Int

C. Float

D. Short int

ANSWER: B

C was primarily developed as _____ Language.

- A. System Programming
- B. General Purpose
- C. Data Processing
- D. None of Above
- ANSWER: A

Which is correct with respect to the size of the data types.

A. Char > int > float

- B. Int > char > float
- C. Char < int < double
- D. Double > char > int
- ANSWER: C

Which of the following is a correct comment for comment in C programs.

A. */ Comments */

B. ** Comment **

C. /* Comment */

D. { Comment }

ANSWER: C

Which of the following function that must contain in all C++ programs.

A. Start()

B. System()

C. Main()

D. Program()

ANSWER: C

Which one of the following is not a correct variable type in C++ programs.

A. Float

- B. Real
- C. Int
- D. Double

ANSWER: B

Which keyword is used to prevent any changes in the variable within a C program.

- A. Immutable
- B. Mutable
- C. Const
- D. Volatile
- ANSWER: C

A variable declared in a function can be used in main().

A. True

- B. False
- C. True if it is declared static

D. None of the mentioned

ANSWER: B

Which of the following is not an arithmetic operation.

A. a * = 10;

B. a / = 10;

C. a ! = 10;

D. a % = 10;

ANSWER: C

Are logical operator sequence points.

A. True

B. False

ANSWER: A

Which among the following is NOT a logical or relational operator.

A. !=

B. ==

C. ||

D. =

ANSWER: D

Which type of conversion is NOT accepted.

A. From char to int

B. From float to char pointer

C. From negative int to char

D. From double to char

ANSWER: B

Which of the following is an invalid assignment operator.

A. A %= 10;

B. A /= 10;

C. A |= 10;

D. None of the mentioned

ANSWER: D

Which loop is most suitable to first perform the operation and then test the condition.

A. For loop

B. While loop

C. Do-while loop

D. None of the mentioned

ANSWER: C

do-while loop terminates when conditional expression returns.

A. One

B. Zero

C. Non - zero

D. None of the above

ANSWER: B

The keyword used to transfer control from a function back to the calling function is.

A. Switch

B. Goto

C. Return

D. Exit

ANSWER: C

The keyword 'break' cannot be simply used within ______.

A. Do-while

- B. If-else
- C. For
- D. While
- ANSWER: B

Which of the following is a correct format for declaration of function.

- A. Return-type function-name(argument type);
- B. Return-type function-name(argument type){}
- C. Return-type (argument type)function-name;
- D. All of the mentioned
- ANSWER: A

The value obtained in the function is given back to main by using ______ keyword.

- A. Return
- B. Static
- C. New
- D. Volatile
- ANSWER: A

What is the scope of a function.

- A. Whole source file in which it is defined
- B. From the point of declaration to the end of the file in which it is defined
- C. Any source file in a program
- D. From the point of declaration to the end of the file being compiled

ANSWER: D

Which of the following cannot be static in C.

A. Variables

B. Functions

C. Structures

D. None of the mentioned

ANSWER: D