B. Agricultural Sector
C. Both Sectors
D. None of them
ANSWER: B
In 1972, Pakistani rupee was devalued by.
A. 110 %
B. 120 %
C. 131 %
D. 138 %
ANSWER: C
Success of sowing seeds depends on.
A. Fertile of land
B. Irrigation
C. Both of them
D. None of them
ANSWER: C
Procurement prices are announced by Govt. for.
A. Basic inputs
B. Farms produce
C. Technological package
D. None of them
ANSWER: B
The ratio of disguised unemployment is high in.
A. Agricultural Sector

A. Industrial Sector

B. Industrial Sector

 $\label{thm:major sector} \mbox{ Which contributed to GDP of pakistan at the time of independence.}$

D. None of them
ANSWER: A
Open market prices are determined by the interaction of.
A. Demand and supply of product
B. Demand and prices of product
C. Both above
D. None of them
ANSWER: A
The use of harvestors and threshers may save.
A. Capital
B. Interest
C. Both above
D. Labour time
ANSWER: D
Due to green revolution in pakistan employment.
A. Increased
B. Decreased
C. Remains constant
D. None of them
ANSWER: A
Agricultural credit is a part of.
A. Pricing policy
B. Rural credit
C. Both above
D. None of them

C. Both Sectors

ANSWER: B

The tax whose incidence can not be shifted to the consumer is called.
A. Proportional tax
B. Indirect tax
C. Progressive tax
D. Direct tax
ANSWER: D
The effects of initial industrial policy on agricultural sector were.
A. Positive
B. Negative
C. Remarkable
D. None of these
ANSWER: A
Depreciation of demestic currency in terms of foreign currency is called.
A. Stagflation
B. Reflation
C. Deflation
D. Devaluation
ANSWER: D
Islamization means the removal of.
A. Discount rate
B. Interest rate
C. None of them
D. Both of them
ANSWER: B
In balance of trade following items are included.
A. Invisible items

B. Services
C. Visible items
D. None of them
ANSWER: C
Structural change deficit can be removed by.
A. Increasing production
B. Decreasing expenditure
C. None of them
D. Both f them
ANSWER: B
Increase in production and consumption by each person is called.
A. Economic growth
B. Economic development
C. Capital formation
D. None of these
ANSWER: B
W.W. Rostow has stated stages of economic growth.
A. Two
B. Three
C. Four
D. Five
ANSWER: D
Agricultural sector represents the activities which are related to.
A. Farming
B. Non farming
C. Both of them
D. None of them

ANSWER: A

Support prices are introduced to ensure the farmer's.
A. Income
B. Farmer's output
C. Both of hem
D. None of them
ANSWER: A
Support price policy means the guaranted prices for.
A. Farms machinery
B. Farms output
C. Both of them
D. None of them
ANSWER: B
Agricultural credit is part of.
A. Rural credit
B. Pricing policy
C. Both of them
D. None of them
ANSWER: A
In Pakistan, agricultural markets are.
A. Imperfect
B. Unorganized
C. Both above
D. None of them
ANSWER: C

The short term agricultural credit ranges up to.

A. 4 years
B. 3 yaers
C. 2 years
D. 1 year
ANSWER: D
Textile sector is.
A. Labour oriented
B. Technology oriented
C. Both above
D. None of them
ANSWER: B
Inflow of foreign exchange earnings are placed on.
A. Credit side
B. Debit side
C. Both above
D. None of them
ANSWER: A
When world prices are higher than domestic prices, there is an incentive to.
A. Exports
B. Imports
C. Both above
D. None of them
ANSWER: A
To remove the deficit in balance of payment, the Govt. should restrict.
A. Exports
B. Imports
C. Both above

ANSWER: B
State bank of pakistan performs duty of.
A. Clearing house
B. Lender of last resort
C. None of them
D. Both of them
ANSWER: D
Govt. budget affects the key
Micro enonomic variable
Macro economic variable
Both above
None of them
Ans: (B)
(-)
Human development index includes.
A. Health index
B. Income index
C. Education index
D. All above
ANSWER: D
Natural calamities badly affect.
A. Agricultural product
B. Industrial product
C. Both above
D. None of them
ANSWER: A

D. None of them