

The Pakistani President takes the oath of his office before the.

- A. Parliament
- B. Chief Justice of Supreme Court
- C. Senate
- D. National Assembly

ANSWER: B

The proclamation of emergency is issued by.

- A. The President
- B. The Prime Minister
- C. The Parliament
- D. None of these

ANSWER: A

According Constitution of 1973, Prime Minister is appointed by the.

- A. President
- B. The Parliament
- C. National Assembly
- D. Senate

ANSWER: C

Pakistan's Prime Minister is removed by means of.

- A. Impeachment of Parliament
- B. Vote of No confidence in the National Assembly
- C. Ordinance of the National Security Council
- D. None of these

ANSWER: B

The Senators are elected.

- A. Directly by the people of Pakistan
- B. By National Assembly
- C. By provincial Assembly
- D. None of these

ANSWER: C

The candidate for Senate must be.

- A. 35 years of age
- B. 40 years of age
- C. 30 years of age
- D. 50 years of age

ANSWER: A

The Presiding office of the senate is.

- A. The Chairman
- B. Speaker
- C. President
- D. Prime Minister

ANSWER: A

Each Province in Pakistan has.

- A. Unicameral Legislative
- B. Bi-Cameral Legislative
- C. Tri-Cameral Legislative
- D. None of these

ANSWER: A

The Governor holds office.

- A. For four years

- B. For five years
- C. During the pleasure of the president
- D. None of these

ANSWER: C

The Executive head of the Province is.

- A. Chief Minister
- B. Governor
- C. President
- D. None of these

ANSWER: A

The Apex Court of Pakistan is.

- A. Supreme Court
- B. Federal Shariat Court
- C. Central Court
- D. High Court

ANSWER: A

All the Emergency Powers of the President are actually exercised by.

- A. The Cabinet
- B. The Prime Minister
- C. National Assembly
- D. Senate

ANSWER: A

Pakistan's Chief Election Commissioner is appointed by the.

- A. President
- B. Prime Minister

C. Parliament

D. Senate

ANSWER: A

The Prime Minister of Britain is elected for.

A. Two years

B. Three years

C. Four years

D. Five years

ANSWER: D

Mother of all Parliaments is to be called.

A. The British Parliament

B. The American Parliament

C. The French Parliament

D. The Russian Parliament

ANSWER: A

The Highest Court of appeal in U.K. is.

A. House of Lords

B. House of Commons

C. The Cabinet

D. The Prime Minister

ANSWER: A

The Tenure of the British House of Commons is.

A. Five years

B. Six years

C. Seven years

D. Nine years

ANSWER: A

In America the house of representative is elected by.

A. Electoral college consists of States legislature

B. All citizen of the United States

C. Proportional votes of the Seats

D. None of these

ANSWER: B

USA's Senate is presided over by.

A. President of America

B. Leader of majority party in Senate

C. Vice President

D. None of them

ANSWER: C

In American Constitution, there are two types of Federal Courts.

A. Constitutional and administrative

B. Constitutional and arbitrational

C. Constitutional and Legislative

D. None of these

ANSWER: C

The British Constitution can be amended by the Parliament with.

A. Simple majority

B. 2/3 majority

C. 3/4 majority

D. None of these

ANSWER: A

What is total Number of States of USA.

- A. 48
- B. 52
- C. 50
- D. None of these

ANSWER: C

Magna Carta was signed in.

- A. 1215
- B. 1629
- C. 1688
- D. 1669

ANSWER: A

The National Assembly in Pakistan is elected for.

- A. 04 years
- B. 05 years
- C. 06 years
- D. 07 years

ANSWER: B

The British Constitution is based on.

- A. Theory of Separation of Power
- B. Checks and Balance
- C. Judicial Review
- D. Difference between the theory and practice

ANSWER: D

The Supreme Judicial Council under the 1973 Constitution consists of.

- A. 09 members
- B. 10 members
- C. 05 members
- D. 07 members

ANSWER: A

The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court takes his oath before the.

- A. Parliament
- B. Senate
- C. President
- D. National Assembly

ANSWER: C

Kangaroo Closure is a procedure followed by law making body of.

- A. Britain
- B. USSR
- C. America
- D. France

ANSWER: A

Legislative Powers of House of Lords in Britain were curtailed by.

- A. Bill of Rights of 1689
- B. Magna Carta of 1215
- C. The Parliament Act of 1911
- D. None of these

ANSWER: C

The Quorum of British House of Commons is.

- A. 20 members
- B. 30 members
- C. 40 members
- D. 50 members

ANSWER: C